

20.1.21

LI - To be able to count back in 10s and 1s to solve subtraction (not crossing 10s) and check subtraction using addition, beginning to understand that addition undoes subtraction and vice versa

Subtraction with 2-digit numbers



Solve each subtraction then write and solve the matching addition to check your answer for each one.

1. $67 - 21 = \square$

2. $83 - 72 = \square$

3. $37 - 16 = \square$

4. $98 - 64 = \square$

5. $56 - 42 = \square$

6. $79 - 35 = \square$

7. $49 - 24 = \square$

8. $85 - 13 = \square$

